

МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКИ
БЕЛАРУСЬ

УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
"ГОМЕЛЬСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ
УНИВЕРСИТЕТ ИМЕНИ ФРАНЦИСКА СКОРИНЫ"

В.Г. Гуд, Г.В. Ловгач, Т.М. Познякова

ПРАКТИКА УСТНОЙ И
ПИСЬМЕННОЙ РЕЧИ

Практическое пособие для студентов I курса
специальности 1- 02 03 00 – 01- «Английский язык»
по видеofilmу « Elizabeth»

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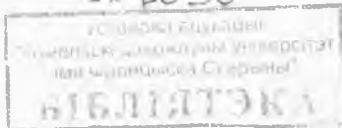
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ВВЕДЕНИЕ

Практическое пособие по практике устной и письменной речи предназначено для обучения аудированию, развития устной и письменной речи и на формирование аудио-визуальной сферы изучения иностранного языка на базе аутентичного фильма "Elizabeth".

Каждый из разделов пособия состоит из комплекса упражнений, разбитых на преддемонстрационные и последемонстрационные этапы в соответствии с методическими рекомендациями по работе с видеофильмом. Пособие предназначено для студентов 1 курса специального языкового факультета, а также может быть использовано для работы со студентами специальности "История с дополнительной специальностью "Английский язык" или как дополнительный материал при изучении истории Великобритании.

Пособие включает в себя справку об историческом периоде, в котором происходит действие фильма, что облегчает понимание происходящих в фильме событий.

Фильм разбит на пять эпизодов, по каждому из которых составлен комплекс упражнений, состоящий из трех частей. В первой части выделен активный языковой материал и содержатся упражнения на облегчение понимания новых лексических единиц. Во второй части содержатся упражнения на закрепление новой лексики и контроль понимания эпизода, а в третьей упражнения на развитие навыков устной и письменной речи. Упражнения и задания располагаются по принципу возрастающей сложности и в конечном итоге подготавливают к устному или письменному высказыванию. В конце пособия предложены темы сочинений, которые предполагают не только изложение исторических фактов, но и оценку событий и высказывание собственного мнения.

16 CENTURY IS A CENTURY OF CRUELTY AND FLOURISH

Henry VIII was eighteen years old when he became the English King. All the nobility and also common people had great hopes and expectations as to the new King.

There were many rumors about Henry the Eighth. Some said he was handsome and the others said that he was a big, noisy, small-eyed, large-faced, double-chinned, swinish-looking fellow in his later life.

Henry VIII was anxious to make himself popular, and the people who had long disliked the late king, were very willing to believe that he deserved to be so. He was extremely fond of show and display, and so were they. Therefore there was great rejoicing when he married the Princess Catherine. And when they were both crowned the King often fought at tournaments and always had victories.

But it occurred very soon that Henry VIII had bad qualities and showed himself in his truest worst colors being known. His wife Catherine did not give the king an heir. She was no longer young and pretty, and she had always been melancholy. One of the Queen's ladies of attendance was Anne Boleyn, a very beautiful girl indeed. So Henry felt in love with Anne Boleyn.

Queen Catherine had been the wife of Henry's brother. And the King, as if just remembered the fact, called his favorite priests and said he was afraid that it was not lawful of him to marry the Queen. No one of priests had the courage to hint that it was rather curious he had never thought of it before; but they all said that was very true and that was very serious; and the best way to make it right would be for His Majesty to be divorced!

There were too many intrigues and plots in the way to get the divorce, and the Pope's plan causing delay made Henry furious.

So the case went on and all this time the king and Anne Boleyn were writing letters to each other every day, full of impatience to have the cause settled. Very soon Henry was able to get rid of Queen Catherine. He made Gammer Archbishop of Canterbury, and directed Queen Catherine to leave the Court. She obeyed. The king married Anne Boleyn privately; and the new Archbishop of Canterbury, within half a year, declared his marriage with Queen Catherine void.

and crowned Anne Boleyn Ann Queen. The Pope was very angry when he knew about English king's marriage to Anne Boleyn.

One of the worst things of Henry VIII reign was that the king was always trimmed between the reformed religion (Protestantism) and the unreformed one (Catholicism); so that the more he quarreled with the Pope, the more of his own subjects he roasted alive for not holding the Pope's opinion. Thus, Henry killed many of his subjects to show what a capital Christian he was.

The king was very glad when his new wife gave birth to a daughter, who was christened Elizabeth.

The unfortunate Queen Catherine was by this time dead; and the king was as tired of his second wife as he had been of his first. As he had fallen in love with Anne when she was in the service of Catherine, so he now fell in love with another lady in the service of Anne. The new fancy was a lady Jane Seymour; and the king no sooner set his mind on her, than he resolved to have Anne Boleyn's head. So he accused Anne of dreadful crimes, which she had never committed and sent her to the Tower.

He married Jane Seymour the very next day, after Anne's murder. Jane lived just long enough to give birth to a son who was christened Edward, and then his mother died.

The monarch now was thinking of taking another wife. Cromwell told him there was Protestant Princess in Germany. The Princess. Anne of Cleves, was beautiful. A famous painter made her portrait which was sent to Henry VIII, but, as always happens, the painter flattered to his nature, and Henry did not like the poor Princess at all when she came to England. He did not want to marry her, but the matter went too far and he had to. Henry never forgave Cromwell his part in the affair, and Cromwell's downfall dates from this time. Very soon Anne of Cleves was divorced and Thomas Cromwell was beheaded. Henry married yet once more. He found in England another woman, Catherine Parr. But she often argued with the King of religious points and was taken to the Tower as all his previous wives. There is little of interest in the remaining years of Henry's reign except the struggle between opposing noble fractions.

And the King himself was left for death. When he died, he was at the fifty-sixth of his age and thirty-eighth of his reign.

The young King Edward the Sixth had been brought up in the principles of the Protestant religion. But Edward's sister Mary, whose mother had been Catherine of Aragon, and who inherited her mother's gloomy temper, hated the reformed religion as connected with her mother's wrongs and sorrows, the Princess Mary, held the unreformed religion too, and was the only person in the kingdom for whom the old Mass was allowed to be performed. Edward always viewed it with horror; and when he fell ill, he was greatly troubled in mind to think that if he died, and Mary was the next heir to the throne succeeded, the Roman Catholic religion would be set up again.

The young King, however, had never enjoyed good health and in 1533 he made a will, nominating his cousin Lady Grey as his successor. Edward VI died the same year, in the sixteenth year of his age and in the seventh of his reign.

Lady Jane Grey resigned the Crown with great willingness, saying that she had only accepted it in obedience to her father and mother; and went gladly back to her pleasant house by the river and books. The Lord Mayor and the aldermen proclaimed that there could be no doubt that the Princess Mary was to be Queen. Mary was crowned Queen. She was thirty-seven years of age, short and wrinkled in the face and very unhealthy. But she had a great liking for show and bright colors and all the ladies of her Court were magnificently dressed, she had great liking for old customs, without much sense in them.

Very soon she began to show her desire to put down the reformed religion and put up the unreformed one. Mary Tudor's desire to put down the reformed religion was accomplished soon.

A Parliament gathered, and they annulled the divorce, formerly pronounced between the Queen's mother and king Henry VIII and unmade all the laws on the subject of religion that had been made during the last king Edward's reign. Mary's half sister was claimed an illegitimate daughter of Henry VIII and Anne Boleyn and called a bastard. Queen Mary distrusted Elizabeth, who was next in line to the throne. Elizabeth cautiously avoided any involvement in politics during Mary's rule. However Elizabeth came under suspicion in 1554, she was imprisoned for a time, though no evidence was found that linked her to the rebellion known as Wyatt's Rebel.

Mary was determined to make Catholicism the state religion of England. She became known as "Bloody Mary" for the persecution of Protestants.

The Spanish marriage naturally influenced the Queen's foreign policy. Her husband, King Philip, was mostly abroad, he was at war with France and came to seek the assistance of England. England was unwilling to engage in a French war for his sake; but the King of France at this very time, aided a descent upon the English coast. And war was declared, greatly to Philip's satisfaction, in 1557. The French Duke of Guise surprised Calais, and the English sustained a complete defeat. The losses they made in France greatly mortified the national pride and the Queen never recovered the blow. There was bad fever raging in England at that time and the Queen took it. She died on the 17 th of November, 1558, after reigning not quite five years and a half, in the forty-fourth year of her age.

There was great rejoicing all over the land after Mary's death. Weary of the barbarities of Mary's reign, the nation looked with gladness and hope to the new Queen. Elizabeth was five-and-twenty years of age when she rode through the streets of London, from the Tower to Westminster Abbey to be crowned. She was the daughter of Henry VIII and his second wife, Anne Boleyn. She was not a beautiful creature: her hair was red and her nose something too long and sharp for a woman's, but she looked all the better for coming after the dark and gloomy Mary. She was well - educated, but a round-about writer, and rather a hard swearer and coarse talker. She was clever, but cunning and deceitful, and inherited much of her father's violent temper. She had seen enough of the religious troubles from which England was suffering to understand that the one thing needed was national unity, both sides were by this time too strong, and she therefor decided to bring about a settlement by way of compromise. Elizabeth I began her reign with the great advantage of having a very wise and careful Minister, Sir William Cecil (afterwards she made him Lord Burleigh). By the Act of Uniformity in 1559 Elizabeth succeeded to establish a national English Church. But Elizabeth had other matters to engage her attention besides the religious settlement in England. The great trouble of Elizabeth's reign and unfortunate cause of the greater part of such turmoil and bloodshed as occurred in it, was Mary Stuart, Queen of Scots. She was the daughter of the

Queen Regent of Scotland, Mary of Guise and a granddaughter of Margaret Tudor. In 1565 Mary Queen of Scots married her cousin Henry, Lord of Danley, also a grandson of Margaret Tudor. In 1568 Mary was accused of her husband's murder and was considered guilty.

From the very moment of her coming to England, Mary was the center of plots and miseries. Many rebellions broke out to place Queen Mary of Scots on the English throne and to restore the old religion. At last one great plot was discovered and it ended the career of Mary, Queen of Scots. She was found guilty and declared to have incurred the penalty of death. She was beheaded in 1587.

Elizabeth was very vain and jealous, and had an extraordinary dislike of people being married though suitors of her own started up from Spain, Austria, Sweden and England. She always declared in her good set speeches that she would never be married at all, but would live and die a Maiden Queen. The English people were anxious that Elizabeth should marry and thus give them an heir to the throne, but the Queen preferred playing off her suitors against one another to giving England over to a foreign prince.

The Maiden Queen was rather wise herself, and she had very clever and distinguished assistance, and among them Sir Walter Raleigh, who was also a well-known poet of that period of time which was afterwards called the Elizabethan Period. Elizabeth had always had some personal favorite, and in her old age she was fond of the Earl of Essex.

The girl whom her brother Edward called "Sweet Sister Temperance" was to reign over the most extraordinary of eras. A papal Bull once declared the young Elizabeth I "an incestuous bastard begotten and born in sin of an infamous courtesan"; her young life had balanced on a knife's edge from the time that her unfortunate mother, Anne Boleyn, was beheaded. Perhaps it was this sense of danger that gave Elizabethan era its heady extravagance. In her reign architecture, religion, the arts and the nation's sense of self were all transformed.

Glossary:

1. Act of Uniformity - Акт о Единообразии
2. Aldermen - олдермены, старшие советники муниципалитета в Лондоне
3. Barbarity - варварство
4. Blow - удар
5. To christen - крестить
6. Coarse talker - тот, кто выражается непристойно
7. Court - королевский двор
8. Descent - происхождение, поколение
9. Dominion - владычество, владение
10. To flatter - льстить
11. Hard swearer - человек, употребляющий сильные ругательства
12. Imposition - обложение, наложение
13. To inherit - наследовать
14. To mortify - унижать
15. Rage - ярость
16. To resolve - решать
17. Suitor - кавалер
18. Surprise Calais - захватить Кале врасплох
19. To sustain – поддерживать
20. To take the fever - подхватить лихорадку
21. Turmoil - беспорядок, суматоха
22. Vain- тщеславный
23. Veneration - благоговение
24. Wrinkled – морщинистый

EPISODE 1

PRE - VIEW EXERCISES

Ex.1. Guess the meaning of the international words; consult the dictionary if necessary:

Heretic, Ambassador, the Pope, Protestants, Catholics, the Blessed Virgin, His Holiness, Mass.

Ex.2. Remember the words:

Butchery - бойня	Eternity - вечность
(To) charge - обвинять (обвинение)	Humble - покорный
To commit - совершать	Massacre - резня
Consummate - совершенный	Plot - заговор
Consolation - утешение	Reignance - отправление
To condemn - осуждать	Trial - суд, разбирательство
To conspire - устроить заговор	Treachery - предательство
Death warrant - смертный приговор	Tumour - опухоль
To dispatch - 1) - отсылать 2) - быстро справиться	To uphold - поддерживать
To despise - презирать	Whore - проститутка

Ex.3. Report the following statements and questions:

1. "Your Grace will find some proof of her treachery", Mary stated.
2. Mary cried out: "She was born a bastard, she will never rule England".
3. "They should have consulted me before they rang the bells", Norfolk said with irritation.
4. Elizabeth said: "When I am Queen, I promise to act as my conscience dictates.
5. "Protestants have plans to massacre every Catholic in England", - said Norfolk.
6. "Let these heretics burn for the eternity", cried the crowd
7. "As long as Elizabeth stays alive, there will be plots to raise her to the throne", His Grace indicated.

8. Elizabeth whispered: "If you sign this death warrant, you will be murdering your sister".
9. The Queen exclaimed: "You are accused of conspiring with Sir T. Wyatt against Her Majesty and was arrested for treason".
10. "It's safely dispatched thanks to His Grace" – Lord Sussex stated.
11. Mary pronounced with despise: "When I look at you, I see nothing of the King, only that whore – your mother".

Ex.4. Put questions to the italicized words:

1. *By order of their Majesties, Queen Mary and King Philip*, we came to witness the burning of these protestant heretics, who had denied the authority of the one true Catholic church;
2. There is no proof against *Lady Elizabeth*.
3. *If she were brought to trial*, she wouldn't be found guilty and we would be condemned.
4. *Elizabeth* has many friends in parliament.
5. Walsingham is said to return *from exile*.
6. Philip hasn't shared her bed for many months, *he has repugnance for it*.
7. *The real reason* why Mary had stopped bleeding was not pregnancy but tumour.
8. It's your *death warrant*. All I need is to sign it.

Ex.5. Insert prepositions and translate:

1. Feed her ... the wolves.
2. You speak ... such sincerity.
3. Your denials are ... vain.
4. It was ... your advantage.
5. Then accept it ... my sake.
6. We all believe ... God.
7. These Protestants and heretics meant to place your sister ... the throne.
8. She will never rule ... England.
9. There were plots to raise Elizabeth ... the throne.
10. All things move ... our favor.

11. I attend ... Mass.
12. Sir Wyatt and the other leader are already dealt ...
13. Elizabeth was accused ... treachery.
14. It is dispatched thanks ... his Grace.
15. There is no proof ... the lady Elizabeth.

Ex.6. Paraphrase using active words from Ex.2:

1. They wanted Elizabeth to repent for the crimes which she hadn't done.
2. Mary thought Elizabeth was a perfect actress.
3. Look, it's your death penalty, all I need is to sign it.
4. If Elizabeth were put to trial she wouldn't be sentenced and it is we who would be judged.
5. I am ordered to deliver you to the Tower.
6. As for the organized opposition to your Majesty's authority, all the leaders had been revealed and dealt with.
7. Elizabeth was accused of making plots against her Majesty.
8. When you are Queen, promise to me to support the Catholic Church.

Ex.7 While watching the film:

- a) Write down the names of the personages and be ready to speak about the atmosphere of the Tudors' reign and relations between its members.
- b) Write down the key sentences of the episode composing a plan to speak about the main events.

Ex.8 After watching the first episode, discuss the questions raised in Ex.7 and do the vocabulary exercises:

1. Choose the best variant to fit each sentence inserting the right form:

1. The Catholic's greatest fear is the... of Mary's protestant half sister.
a) authority b) succession c) ruling

2. We are come... the burning of these protestant heretics, who have denied the authority of the one true Catholic Church.
a) to witness b) to see c) to observe
3. What is the news of the... against our authority?
a) plot b) strike c) rebellion
4. Lady Elizabeth is... of conspiring against Her Majesty Queen Mary.
a) to blame b) to accuse
5. I am a true and faithful...
a) person b) subject c) individual
6. "I am your Majesty's most... servant," Lady Elizabeth whispered.
a) humble b) submissive c) obedient
7. If there is some truth in these... you had better...
1) a) charge b) accusation c) guilty
2) a) to declare b) to admit c) to confess
8. I know you are a... actress and will deny your participation.
a) consummate b) perfect c) utter
9. Protestants have planned already... every Catholic in England.
a) to kill b) to massacre c) slaughter
10. When I am gone, can you promise, Elizabeth, to do everything in your power... the Catholic faith.
a) to support b) to help c) to uphold

II. Complete each sentence with the missing word and translate them:

1. The Catholic's greatest ... is the succession of Mary's Protestant half sister.
2. We do thank God for this, our most happy...
3. What news of the rebellion against our...
4. What need is there of...?
5. She must never be allowed to...
6. You are accused of conspiring with Sir T. Wyatt against Her Majesty and was arrested for...
7. I am commanded to take you... from this place to the Tower.
8. Why must we tear ourselves apart for this small question of...
9. I am, Your Majesty, most... servant.
10. Why will you not confess you're... against me?

11. They say this... will make you the Queen.
12. Do not take away from people the... of the Blessed Virgin.
13. She is just a child and still you... yourselves.
14. There would be butchery indeed, if such a plan were even...

succeed, authority, fear, religion, event, piss, proof, cancer, hence, humble, conceivable, consolation, crimes, treason.

III. Make a sentence by matching two parts:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. If they had succeeded... | a) you possess |
| 2. Elizabeth was born... | b) and they have poisoned my child |
| 3. Innocence is the most precious thing... | c) and the Catholic faith |
| 4. You despise the Queen... | d) to act as my conscience dictates |
| 5. When I am gone ... | e) will make you the Queen |
| 6. My husband is gone... | f) she would not be found guilty |
| 7. When I am Queen, I promise... | g) you'll be murdering your sister |
| 8. They say this cancer... | h) they meant to place your sister upon the throne |
| 9. When I look at you... | i) a bastard! |
| 10. If she were brought properly to trial... | j) the other – heresy |
| 11. If you sign this paper ... | k) I see nothing of the king, only that whore – your mother |
| 12. There is only one true belief ... | l) you'll do everything in your power to uphold the Catholic faith. |

IV. Give the English for...

1. по приказу Её Величества
2. сожжение неверных
3. восстание против правления королевы
4. возводить на престол
5. обвинять в заговоре
6. находить доказательства в предательстве

7. есть ли хоть доля правды в этих обвинениях
8. говорить с откровенностью
9. поддерживать протестантов
10. скормить волкам
11. будет настоящая бойня
12. смертельный приговор
13. замечательные новости
14. управлять Англией
15. незаконнорожденный ребёнок
16. арестован за предательство
17. королева ждёт ребёнка

COMPREHENSION CHECK

Ex.1. Say whether the sentences given below correspond to those given in the videofilm :

1. Lady Elizabeth was guilty in conspiring against the Queen.
2. A lot of Protestants were burnt and the leaders were dealt with after one of the plots against the Queen was revealed.
3. As long as Elizabeth remained alive, there would be plots to raise her to the throne.
4. Norfolk was given an errand to find some proof of Elizabeth's treachery.
5. Elizabeth attended Mass to please the Queen.
6. Mary looked at Elizabeth and she reminded her of her father, Henry VIII.
7. Queen Mary asked Elizabeth to do everything to uphold Protestants.
8. Elizabeth had a few reliable friends: Sir Robert, Walsingham and Norfolk.
9. Queen Mary was going to give birth to a child.

Ex.2. Answer the questions:

1. When and where do the actions take place?
2. Describe the typical features of that time.
3. Who was ruling the country?

4. What was the greatest fear of the Catholics?
5. Why were these three men burnt?
6. What miracle happened to the Queen?
7. What was Elizabeth accused of?
8. What did Mary ask her half sister for?
9. What happened to Mary's child and husband?
10. What were the Protestants' plans?
11. Who is Walsingham?

Ex.3. Who of the mentioned people do these utterances belong to:

Elizabeth, Sir Robert, Norfolk, Queen Mary, Walsingham, Ambassador, Lord Sussex, Bishop, Maid servant

1. Think before you do this. If you must do it, do it now without regret.
2. Remember who you are. Do not be afraid of them.
3. Lose innocence and you lose your soul.
4. My father never did anything so well as to cut off your mother's head.
5. I cannot confess to something I didn't do.
6. There is one true belief, the other – heresy.
7. She is just a child and still you piss yourselves.
8. Look at your death warrant. All I need is to sign it.
9. I see you are still a consummate actress.
10. There is so little beauty in this world and so much suffering.
11. They say this cancer will make you the Queen.
12. Tonight I think I die
13. You think it's small, it killed your mother.
14. You must let me see the Queen.
15. He has repugnance for her as lately your Grace had for mine.

Ex.4. Rearrange the sentences according to the chronological order of events shown in the episode:

1. Elizabeth asked to see the Queen.
2. Mary was going to sign her sister's death warrant as she was told about the latter's conspiring against Her Majesty.

3. Elizabeth was dispatched to the Tower.
4. The life of Elizabeth was cloudless and full of joy and affection for Sir Robert.
5. The bell announced the people about her Majesty's pregnancy.
6. Walsingham got rid of the boy who was supposed to kill him.
7. Heretics were sentenced to death by burning.
8. Norfolk was given an order to find some proof of Elizabeth's treachery.
9. Elizabeth promises to act as her conscience dictates when she becomes a Queen.

DISCUSSION

Ex. 1. Use the film to prove the following facts:

1. After Henry VIII death, the country was divided.
2. Queen Mary was childless.
3. The waves of death have closed about the heretics.
4. The Catholics are afraid of the succession of Mary's protestant half sister.
5. Elizabeth is an illegitimate daughter of Henry VIII.
6. Elizabeth proves her innocence.
7. Walsingham is the very person to be afraid of.
8. Mary Tudor's reign is a "bloody" one.

Ex. Describe the situations and characters the following words refer to:

1. She is just a child and still you piss yourselves.
2. My husband is gone. They have poisoned my child.
3. There is a whole world waiting for you.
4. Let her see what they are like.
5. I agree with His Grace. She is a heretic.
6. The plot was safely dispatched thanks to His Grace.
7. These protestant heretics have denied the authority of the one true Catholic and of His Holiness the Pope.

Ex. 3. Explain the following:

1. It's nothing short of a miracle.
2. I am a true and faithful subject.
3. Speak up!
4. When I am gone...
5. Prisoner, to the steps.
6. She is a heretic.
7. Walsingham is nothing.
8. The Queen is with child.
9. Lose innocence and you lose your soul.
10. Sir T. Wyatt and the other leaders are already dealt with.
11. She was born a bastard.

Ex.4 Watch the last episode of this part without soundtrack and write down the key phrase which explains the motive of Walsingham's murder.

Ex.5. Characterize:

- a) Mary Tudor from the point of view of her countrymen.
- b) Norfolk as a powerful person and a pretender to the throne.
- c) Elizabeth, as a true and faithful subject.

WRITING

Ex.1 Write a short summary of the events shown in the film on the part of a) a protestant, b) a catholic.

EPISODE 2

PRE – VIEW EXERCISES

Ex.1. Guess the meaning of the words and expressions:

To compromise, ambition, a trusted friend, brotherly, to guarantee, undoubted, to crown.

Ex.2. See if you know when the following addresses are used: Your Majesty, your Excellency.

Ex.3. Remember the words:

1. To covet – сильно желать
2. Degenerate – вырождаться
3. Earl - граф
5. To enrapture - восхищать
6. Exile – ссылка, изгнание
7. To garrison(n, v) – гарнизон, расположить гарнизон
8. Heir - наследник
9. To lay claim to smth. – претендовать на
10. Munitions – снаряжение, военное имущество
11. The Navy - военно-морской флот
12. Overwrought- переутомленный, возбужденный
13. Parlous – ужасный, потрясающий
14. Relentlessly – безжалостно, неустанно
15. Suit - сватовство, ухаживание
16. Suitor – кавалер, поклонник
17. Treachery - предательство
18. Troops - войска
19. To withstand - выстоять
20. To worship – обожать, боготворить.

Ex.4. Report the following statements:

1. Mr. Walsingham whispered: "Many friends are returning from exile"
1. He added: "You must meet no one who may compromise you."
2. "The king of Spain is enraptured and offers you his hand", said the Spanish Ambassador to Elizabeth.
4. He added: "The king of Spain offers you his hand in marriage".
4. Sir William warned: "Your Majesty has inherited the most par-
lous and degenerate state".
5. Sir William noticed: "Here at home there are those who wish
your Majesty ill".
6. He tried to persuade her: "Madam, until you marry and produce
an heir you will find no security".
7. Elizabeth exclaimed: "This is the Lord's doing and it is marvel-
ous in your eyes".
8. Sir Norfolk proclaimed: "To the South, I present unto you Eliza-
beth, your undoubted Queen".
9. Robert noticed: "You will be Queen of England. A court to wor-
ship you, poems written celebrating your beauty".
10. The maid informed Sir William: "The Queen is overwrought".

Ex.5. Put questions to the italicized words:

1. Norfolk covets your throne relentlessly.
2. The country is threatened from abroad by the ambition of France
and Spain.
3. The marriage of a Queen is born of politics, not childish passion.
4. Our degenerate state is short of men and riches.
5. There are no castles left in England that would resist a single shot.
6. She recognized His Excellency, the Spanish Ambassador.
7. Walsingham returned from exile in France.
7. The place they could talk in safety was Church.
8. After Mary's death the state treasury was empty.
9. King Henry of Anjou expected Elizabeth would consider the suit
of his brother, the Duke of Anjou.

Ex.6. Insert prepositions:

1. Will you leave your state ... a heretic!

2. I will mean nothing ... you.
3. I have no desire ... war.
3. Mary of Scots has already laid claim ... your throne.
4. I suppose that French offer some suitors ... her.
5. Her Majesty will consider ... the proposal most carefully.
6. Her Majesty's body and person belong ... the state.
7. There was nowhere else we could meet ... safety.
8. Music will be composed ... your honor.
9. How could you be nothing ... me, Robert!
10. Play ... a volta!
11. It was Sir Norfolk who was eager to place himself ... the throne.

Ex.7. Paraphrase using active words from Ex.2:

1. The King *is enchanted* by you.
2. It was necessary for Elizabeth to marry and give birth to *a son*.
3. The state was in an *awful situation*.
4. I suppose this French Ambassador will offer some *admirer* to her.
5. Norfolk was looking forward to *place himself upon the throne*.
6. Mary of Guise is going to attack Scotland with French *Army*.
7. The Navy *was worn out*.
8. Many heretics *were deported* from the country.
9. The army *is bare of armament*.
10. Mary of Guise chooses to *place the garrison in Scotland with French troops*.

Ex.8. While watching the film:

- a) Pay attention to the state of the country when it was inherited by Elizabeth and write down the main problems.
- b) Be ready to give reasons why the position of Elizabeth as a Queen was rather unstable.
- c) Try to guess why everything depended on the husband Elizabeth would choose.

Ex.9. After watching the film discuss the questions raised in Ex.8 and do the vocabulary exercises:

I. Choose the right word:

1. All things move in our...
a) advantage b) favor c) direction
2. No wonder, many of our friends are returning from....
a) exile b) abroad c) prison
3. Queen Elizabeth has... the most parlous and degenerate state.
a) crowned b) succeeded c) inherited
4. Your... is empty.
a) treasury b) the State c) the Court
5. Mary of Guise and Norfolk... your throne relentlessly.
a) to wish b) to covet c) to desire
6. Do you... His Excellency, the Spanish Ambassador.
a) to remember b) to recollect c) to recall
7. The Spanish King hopes that Elizabeth will consider his... most carefully.
a) suit b) proposal c) suggestion
8. The king of Spain is... and proposes you his hand in marriage.
a) to excite b) to captivate c) to enrapture
8. There is not a fortress left in England that would... a single shot.
a) to resist b) to stand firm c) to withstand
9. When you are Queen, a Court will... you, a country will... you.
1a) to respect b) to worship c) to honor
2a) to submit b) to subdue c) to obey

II. Complete the sentences with the missing word:

Munitions, brotherly, uncertain, share, guarantee, standing, crown, danger, innocent, trusted

1. These are the most ... times.
2. Your life remains in ...
3. Sir Robert is a ... friend.
4. You are the most ... in this world.
5. We must ... the security of the throne.
6. The King of Spain is going to marry me but will not ... my bed.
7. I ... thee, Elizabeth, Queen of England, Ireland and France.
8. There is no ... Army.

9. King Henry of Anjou sends you his ... love.
10. We are bare of ...

III. Complete the sentences corresponding to the events of the episode :

1. The country is weak....
2. The Navy is....
3. The treasury is
4. There is no standing
5. We are bare of
6. There is not a fortress which....
7. I have no desire
8. Here at home there are those who
9. When may I see you
10. Mary of Guise chooses to ... Scotland ...

IV. Who does this phrase belong to?

1. - There was nowhere else we could meet in safety.
2. - Then the King is fool.
3. - All that I am it is you.
4. - Give it to her.
5. - Do I know that gentleman?
6. -Are you surprised?
- No, a little bit disappointed.
7. - Have you forgotten, my lord? I am Queen now.
8. - Are you in love? No? Then it's the waste of that beauty.
9. - To the South, I present to you your undoubted Queen.
10. - I crown thee, Elizabeth.

V. Translate:

1. Да здравствует Королева!
2. Вы наша несомненная Королева!
3. Да благословит Господь Королеву!
4. Да благословит Господь её Величество!

5. Ради моей любви к Господу.
6. Разрешите представить: монсеньор де Фуа, французский посол.
7. Испанский король восхищен.
8. Совет поклоняется Королеве.
9. Страна повинуетя Королеве.
10. Стихи написаны в честь Королевы.

COMPREHENSION CHECK

Ex.1. Say whether the sentences given below correspond to those given in the videofilm :

1. Elizabeth is most innocent and everything should be done to guarantee the security of her throne.
2. The king of France is enraptured and offers Elizabeth his hand in marriage.
3. The Earl of Succex brought Norfolk the coronation ring.
4. Her Majesty has the most flourishing state.
5. Norfolk covets Elizabeth's throne relentlessly.
6. Walsingham has returned from exile and he has been appointed to take care of the Queen.
7. The king of Spain expected that Elizabeth would consider the suit of his nephew, the Duke of Anjou.
8. Mary of Guise is the Duke's mother.
9. The marriage of a Queen is born of economy, not childish passion.
10. Norfolk was surprised to see Walsingham in the Palace.
11. Queen Elizabeth's body and person are no longer her own property. They belong to the state.

Ex.2. Answer the questions:

1. How did people address Elizabeth?
2. How did Elizabeth address people of honor?
3. Why did Sir William and Elizabeth talk in church?
4. Why did Norfolk come to Mary?

5. What was Robert concerned about when he talked to Elizabeth about her being Queen.
6. What order did Sir William give to Elizabeth's maids? Why?
7. What was the state of the country after Queen Mary's death?
8. Who was responsible for the security of Elizabeth?
9. Did Elizabeth have a choice to choose a husband?
10. In what way could the relationship between England and Spain be much improved?

Ex.3. Rearrange the sentences according to the chronological order of events shown in the episode:

1. Elizabeth inherited the most parlous state.
2. Elizabeth is introduced to Sir Francis Walsingham.
3. Sir William asked to inform him about her Majesty's proper functions.
4. Robert is afraid Elizabeth will neglect him.
5. Robert wants to see her in private.
6. Mary refuses to sign Elizabeth's death warrant.
7. Elizabeth learns that the King of Spain is going to propose to her.
8. Elizabeth accepts the ring as a symbol of royal power.
9. Sir William assures that Elizabeth will consider the suit of the Duke of Anjou.

DISCUSSION

Ex.1. Reproduce the situations from the introduced episode:

1. Play, a volta.
2. When may I see you in private?
3. I must know all her proper functions. Her Majesty's person and body are no longer her own property, they belong to the state.
4. King Henry of Anjou sends you his brotherly love.
5. To the North, I present unto you, Elizabeth, your undoubted Queen.
6. Do I know that gentleman?
7. Are you surprised? No, only a little disappointed.
8. All things move in our favor, but these are most uncertain times.

Ex.2. Explain why....

1. Sir William gave Elizabeth some important pieces of advice.
2. Elizabeth should marry.
3. Elizabeth, a protestant became Queen of England.
4. Elizabeth has inherited the most degenerate state
5. Everything depends on the husband that woman takes.
6. Mary of Guise has intended to garrison Scotland with French troops.
7. Sir William should know all Elizabeth's proper functions.

Ex.3. Use the film to prove the following statements:

1. Elizabeth was the property of the State.
2. Walsingham was very clever.
3. Elizabeth still had devoted friends.
4. These were most uncertain times.
5. Elizabeth's life remained in danger.
6. The country was in a difficult situation.
7. The only way to survive for Elizabeth was to marry.
8. Mary of Scots and Norfolk had the right to claim the throne.

Ex.4. Watch the very first scene of the episode with soundtrack, then watch it without it and dramatize it. (The conversation between Elizabeth and Sir William).

WRITING

Ex.1. Describe the state of the country when it was inherited by Elizabeth.

Ex.2. Prove that the position of Elizabeth as Queen was unstable and what could save her.

EPISODE 3

PRE – VIEW EXERCISES

Ex.1. Remember the words that mean:

To abate – ослаблять

To abide - терпеть

Allegiance – верность, лояльность

Consent – согласие

Flesh – плоть

In the flesh – воочию

Haste – спешка

Infernal – дьявольский

Pulpit – кафедра (проповедника)

Realm – королевство

Reinforcement – усиление, укрепление

To relinquish – оставлять, отказаться

Rival - соперник

Surety - уверенность

Traitor - предатель

Virtue – добродетель, достоинство

Wretched - несчастный

Ex.2. Guess the meanings of the underlined words:

1. We must with all haste raise the army to march upon Scotland.
2. The bishops still demand your Majesty's removal.
3. Each of you must vote according to your conscience.
4. I ask you to pass this Act of Uniformity not for myself but for my people who are my only care.
5. I do not like wars, they have uncertain outcomes.
6. If there is no uniformity of religious belief, there can only be fragmentation, disputes and quarrels.
7. Can we send emissaries?
8. What is your counsel?
9. You were appointed to the Council to protect England's interests.

Ex.3. Report the following statements and questions:

1. "There is some grave news", Norfolk shouted.
2. "You are not a member of Council, Walsingham, nor you are in the majority", Sir William indicated.
3. "I regret to inform your Majesty of our miserable defeat in Scotland", Norfolk added.
4. "They should have never been sent to Scotland. I've been proved unfit to rule", Elisabeth said in tears.
5. "It appears you do not have the stomach for it" he said.
6. "It is not for me to judge you", said Walsingham.
7. "Today I will watch the fall of that heretic girl", Norfolk said with a smile.
8. "I simply ask: can any man, in truth, serve two masters and be faithful to both", Elizabeth inquired.
9. "I am your Queen and like my father I mean to rule", claimed Elizabeth.
10. "Now Your Majesty does make fun of the sanctity of marriage", said one of the Bishops.

Ex.4. Put questions to the italicized words:

1. They look to *Queen* for action.
2. There has *never* been better time or occasion to abate the French pride.
3. It is *my business* to protect Your Majesty against all things.
4. Then *they* are speaking against *their Queen*.
5. Her Majesty would improve all these matters if *she agreed to marry*.
6. Mary of Guise promises to make no further threat against the Queen *on one condition*, (that Your Majesty considers the proposal of her nephew, the Duke of Anjou).
7. *In marriage and in the production of an Heir* lies your only surety.
8. Her Majesty has won the argument by *5 counts*.

Ex.5. Translate the sentences, use a dictionary if necessary:

1. How dare you stay in my presence?

2. Why did they not send proper reinforcements?
3. We shall see him in the flesh.
4. Robert's head will end up on a spike not on the pillow of a Queen.
5. By this Act you force us to relinquish our allegiance to the Holy Father.
6. I would know on what authority you have kept us locked here.
7. I am sure this infernal work has not saved your bastard Queen.
8. They find support in every quarter.
9. The Duke will not take kindly to a rival.
10. Mary of Guise promises to make no further threat against Your Majesty on one condition.

Ex.6 Paraphrase using active vocabulary from Ex 1:

1. We must gather an Army very quickly to attack Scotland.
2. I invite the Duke. I would like to get acquainted with him personally.
3. By this act, you force us to give up our belief in the Holy Father.
4. If there is no agreement in religious belief there will be no peace in the country.
5. This is not heresy, it's common sense, which is an English distinctive feature of character.

Ex. 7 Try to guess what is going to happen in this part. Write 8-10 suggestions.

Ex. 8 While watching the film:

- a) Pay attention to the religious disputes and be ready to explain why Elizabeth is willing to pass the Act of Uniformity. Is there any need in it ?
- b) Find out why the English troops were defeated, share your opinion with your group-mates.

Ex.9 After watching the film discuss the questions raised in Ex.7 and fulfill the vocabulary section.

I Choose the best variant to fit each sentence inserting the right word.

1. The French mean to attack and we must with all haste raise an Army ... Scotland.

a) to move forward b) to move up c) to march upon

2. The French are going to send more ...

a) soldiers b) reinforcements c) strengthening

3. It's now evident there has never been better time or occasion ... the French pride.

a) to abate b) to weaken c) to loosen

4. No one likes wars as they have uncertain ...

a) results b) outcomes c) effects

5. Queen Elizabeth is rather disappointed of our miserable ... in Scotland.

a) defeat b) devastation c) destruction

4. The Bishops are still speaking against their Queen and demand her

...
a) displacement b) removal c) dismissal

7. Lord Robert is a ... and his father before him.

a) deceiver b) traitor c) betrayal

8. By this Act, Queen Elizabeth is forcing us ... our ... to the Holy Father.

1. a) to give up b) to refuse c) to relinquish

2. a) loyalty b) fidelity c) allegiance

9. Common sense is an English ... indeed.

a) virtue b) value c) merit

10. Will you give me some suggestion whom should I marry, as some cannot ... foreigners at all.

a) to stand b) to tolerate c) abide

II Paraphrase using active vocabulary from Ex. 3

1. We must gather an Army very quickly to attack Scotland. 2. I invite the Duke. I would like to get acquainted with him personally. 3. By this act, you force us to give up our belief in the Holy Father. 4. If there is no agreement in religious belief there will be no peace in the country. 5. This is not heresy, it's common sense, which is an English distinctive feature of character. 6. My people and my kingdom are my only care. 7. Why didn't they send proper forces? 8. This devil's work

hasn't saved your Queen. 9. We have a good chance to weaken the French pride. 10. I am sure only in marriage lies your safety.

III. Make up sentences by matching two parts.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Madam, you had better get up... | a) to judge you |
| 2. There has never been better time | b) for myself but for my people who are my only care. |
| or occasion... | |
| 3. War is a sin, but... | c) to abate the French pride. |
| 4. I do not like wars, they... | d) no desire to make windows into men's hearts. |
| 5. It's not for me to... | e) lies your only surety. |
| 6. In marriage, and in the production of an heir... | f) on the pillow of a Queen. |
| 7. Lord Robert's head will end up on a spike, not... | g) sometimes it is a necessary thing. |
| 8. Surely, it's better to have a Single Church of England with... | h) without my consent |
| 9. I ask you to pass this act of Uniformity not ... | i) have uncertain outcomes. |
| 10. I'm a woman, I have... | j) a common prayer book. |
| 11. Mary of Guise promises to make | k) if Your Majesty considers the proposal of her nephew the Duke of Anjou |
| no further threat against Your Majesty ... | |
| 12. Your votes are nothing... | l) There is some grave news. |

IV Paraphrase so as to make the meaning of the sentence clear.

1. Her majesty has won the argument. 2. I will not miss this for the world. 3. I have no desire to make windows into man's souls. 4. Now it appears you do not have the stomach for it. 5. Now you are upon your third wife. 6. We look to you for action. 7. A prince should be slow to take action, he should watch that he doesn't come to be afraid of his shadow. 8. They spoke against you in the pulpits. 9. You are not in the

majority. 10. The war is a sin but sometimes it is necessary. 11. The house will divide

VI Insert prepositions if necessary:

1. Mary of Guise has increased her garrison in Scotland ... 4.000 men. 2. As Queen we look... you ... action. 3. Are you all ... agreement? 4. You were appointed... the Council to protect the interests of England. 5. I'm... agreement if Your Majesty's throne is... risk. 6. You are not... the majority. 7. How dare you come... my presence. 8. ... marriage and... the production of an heir lies your only surety. 9. I invite the Duke. We shall see him... the flesh. 10. Lord Robert's head will end... a spike, not... the pillow of a Queen. 11. I have no desire to make windows... men's souls. 12. Can any man serve two masters... truth, and be faithful... both. 13. I do not think you should lecture me... that, since you have been twice divorced and now are... your third wife. 14. Each of you must vote according... your conscience. 15. I would know... what authority you have kept us locked... here. 16. Her Majesty has won the argument. ... what count? ... five. 17. Let us... ! 18. I would not miss this... the world.

VII Give the English for:

угрожать Её Величеству, познакомиться с человеком воочию, не пропустить ни за что на свете, непредсказуемые (сомнительные) результаты, единая церковь, вынуждать отказываться от веры, здравый смысл одна из английских достоинств, завершать жизнь, ваши голоса ничего не значат без моего согласия, требовать смещения (устранения) королевы, падение еретика, назначать кого-либо в совет для защиты интересов Англии, покой королевства находится в ваших руках, это на вашей совести, это дьявольское деяние не спасёт королеву, голосовать по совести.

COMPREHENSION CHECK

Ex.1 While watching the episode tick the sentences from ex.2 which are true.

Ex. 2 Say whether the sentences given below correspond to those given in the videofilm :

1. Mary of Guise increased her garrison in Scotland.
2. Walsingham was appointed to the Council to protect the interests of England.
3. The Bishops had no fear of Elisabeth and they didn't expect her to survive.
4. Elisabeth didn't like wars.
5. Elisabeth was not sure whether it was better to have a single Church of England with a common prayer book.
6. The Bishops wanted to prove that Elisabeth was unfit to rule.
7. De Foix said that The Duke of Anjou was eager to meet her Majesty.
8. The only surety and safety of the Queen lay in marriage.
9. Elisabeth was asking to pass the act of Uniformity for the peace of her realm.
10. Elisabeth didn't succeed in persuading to pass the Act of Uniformity.
11. Elisabeth made up her mind to give in and to marry De Foix.

Ex. 3. Who does this phrase belong to?

Madam, you had best get up! 2. It is not for me to judge you. 3. I do not like wars. They have uncertain outcomes. 4. What is your counsel? 5. I would not miss this for the world. 6. The Duke is most eager to meet you. 7. Let us out! 8. Marry, who Your Grace? Will you give me some suggestion? 9. Send him back to his Queen and make sure he remains alive. 10. By this act you force us to relinquish our allegiance to the Holy Father. 11. You are not a member of Council, Walsingham, nor you are in the majority. 12. They should have never been sent to Scotland. 13. Now Your Majesty does make fun of the sanctity of marriage.

Ex. 4 Rearrange the sentences according to the chronological order of the events in the episode.

1. Elizabeth was preparing her speech.
2. Norfolk brought Elizabeth some bad news.
3. The wretched boy was given French colours with English blood on it to hand it over to the Queen.
4. The Court made a decision to march upon Scotland.
5. Elizabeth tried to do her best to persuade the voters to support the Act of Uniformity.
6. Sir William was going to make Elizabeth marry and produce an heir.
7. Gardian and 5 other bishops were locked in the basement.
8. The Queen agreed to meet The Duke of Anjou.

DISCUSSION

Ex.1 Reproduce the situations from the episode where the following statements are used:

1. Can we not send emissaries?
2. Send him back to His Queen and make sure he remains alive.
3. I regret to inform, Your Majesty, of our miserable defeat in Scotland.
4. It's not for me to judge you!
5. In marriage, and in production of an heir, lies your own surety.
6. Today I will watch the fall of that heretic girl.
7. Your votes are nothing without my consent.
8. By this Act, you force us to relinquish our allegiance to the Holy Father.
9. But remember this, in your hands upon this moment lies the future happiness of my people and the peace of this realm.
10. I'm sure this infernal work has not saved you bastard Queen.

Ex. 2 Answer the questions.

1. What grave news made Elizabeth get up?
2. What was the problem?
3. What decision did Elizabeth make?
4. Why was it a miserable defeat in Scotland?
5. What did the Bishops still demand?

6. On what condition did Mary of Guise promise to make no further threat against Elizabeth?
7. What act did Elizabeth succeed in passing? By what count?
8. Who was proposed as a husband for Her Majesty?

Ex. 3. Explain why:

1. Elizabeth's reign was still uncertain.
2. War is a sin but sometimes a necessary one.
3. Walsingham was not in the majority.
4. The young soldier remained alive and was sent back to his Queen.
5. The bishops still demanded Her Majesty's removal.
6. The proper reinforcements were not sent to attack the French.
7. Robert was a traitor and his father before him.
8. Elizabeth agreed to get acquainted with the Duke.
9. It was so important for Elizabeth to pass this act of Uniformity.
9. Gardiner and five other bishops were kept locked up in the basement.

Ex. 4. Characterize Sir Francis Walsingham and Elizabeth using the words that suit (adding your own words):

Cunning, clever, wise, stupid, stubborn, devoted, patient, silly, naive, jealous, religious, beautiful, weak, strong-willed, decisive.

Ex. 5. What main problems were raised in the episode?

Ex. 6. Try to guess what is going to happen in this part. Write 8-10 suggestions.

WRITING

Ex. 1. What is "The Act of Uniformity". Find information and present it in class.

Ex. 2. Write a very short summary as an announcement of this part of the film in the TV program. (50 words)

Ex.3 Do the translation of the extract and dub the episode.

- If there is no uniformity of religious belief here, then there can only be fragmentation, disputes and quarrels. Surely, my Lords, it is better to have a single Church of England. A single Church of England! With a common prayer book. And ... and a ... and ... a common purpose. I ask you to pass this Act of Uniformity not ... not for myself ... but for my people ... who are my only care.
- Madam, by this act you force us to relinquish our allegiance to the Holy Father.
- Hear, hear!
- How can I force you, your Grace? I am a woman! I have no desire to make windows into men's souls. I simply ask: can any man, in truth, serve two masters and be faithful to both?
- Madam, this is heresy!
- No, Your Grace, this is ... common sense which is a most English virtue.
- Where is Gardiner? Where are the others?
- Your Majesty would improve all these matters ... if you would agree to marry.
- Aye. Marry, Madam.
- Aye, but marry who Your Grace? Will you give me some suggestion? For some say France, and others Spain, and ... and some cannot abide foreigners at all. So I'm not sure how best to please you unless I married one of each.
- Now Your Majesty does make fun of the sanctity of marriage.
- I do not think you should lecture me on that, my Lord ... since you yourself have been twice divorced. And are now upon your third wife.
- Each of you must vote according to your conscience. But remember this. In your hands ... upon this moment ... lies the future happiness of my people ... and the peace ... of this realm. Let that be upon your conscience also.
- My lords, the House will divide.

Ex.4 Learn this dialogue by heart and dramatize it without sound-track.

EPISODE 4

PRE - VIEW EXERCISES

Ex.1 Remember the words that mean:

Affection –привязанность
Agonizing – мучительный
To amaze – изумлять
Ceaselessly - непрерывно
To cherish – лелеять
To despair -отчаяться
To be in despair – быть в отчаянии
To deprive – лишать
To be devised – быть задуманным
To fornicate- незаконно сожительствовать
Indiscreet- нескромный, неблагоразумный
To be indisposed – быть нездоровым
To issue – издавать
To jest – шутить, насмехаться
To be in league – быть в союзе
Naked – голый
Piercing – пронизывающий
To presume –осмелиться
To promote –содействовать, способствовать
To renounce - отречься
Rumour- слух, молва
Righteous – справедливый, праведный
To sacrifice – жертвовать
Shrew – строптивая женщина
Sufficient –достаточный
Thigh -бедро
Token – знак, символ
To stroke – проводить рукой

Ex.2. Guess the meaning of the underlined words:

1. Do they still support the sovereignty of that illegitimate whore?
2. Prayers may not be sufficient. I will ask for guidance in this matter.
3. My heart is in her, her thoughts and senses guide.
4. The Queen is very intimate with Lord Robert and with me she plays the shrew.
5. Oh, Madam, the point is very pressing.

Ex.3. Report the following statements and questions:

1. Elizabeth murmured: Does not a Queen sit under the same stars as any other woman?"
2. Spanish Ambassador added with regret: "Alas, in this matter I can be of no help to you"
3. He said: "This was devised. There is reason behind it"
4. "Would Norfolk? He is not so subtle and has even more cause" T.Elyot inquired.
5. Elizabeth asked with surprise: "Will the Duke not come to dance today?"
6. Lord Robert whispered in despair: "Have I not suffered enough already for loving her and showing it?"
7. "Give these letters of blessing and hope to our friends in England" was the Bishop's order.
8. The Duke of Anjou informed: "Yes, I'm wearing a dress. I wear a dress like this, my mother and you. But I only dress like this when I'm alone, in private, with my friends."
9. "The one cannot be separated from the other. Have I not told you?" Sir William admitted.
10. Robert cried out: "I was afraid of losing you because I was not free!"
11. Elizabeth said: "The Duke cannot love me so much if he demands his answer so precipitously."
12. The Spanish Ambassador warned: "The king, my master, has become impatient for Your Grace to act. If you will not then other may".
13. Sir Francis tried to explain the situation: "Madam, His Grace is indisposed. He has some pain of the stomach"

14. Elizabeth cried out emotionally: "I will have one mistress here and no master!"

Ex.4 Put questions to the underlined words:

1. She explained to the Duke that she was deeply religious.
2. Perhaps he (the Ambassador) does not know enough English to perform the ceremony.
3. It is true that the Queen favours Lord Robert above all others.
4. There will be no more talk of marriage.
5. He is too subtle for that.
6. Perhaps, there still may be a way to reclaim her affections.
7. The world is filled with rumours that your Grace has made contact with Mary of Scots to promote your ambitions even that you mean to marry her.

Ex.5 Translate the sentences, use a dictionary if necessary:

1. Was it not truly said that the righteous shall inherit the earth?
2. He is not in league with the Spanish.
3. If you would be prepared in secret to renounce heresy and embrace the true faith then you might find many new and powerful friends and keep your Queen.
4. Do not presume to know the secrets of my heart.
5. The world knows Lord Robert visits your chambers and you fornicate with him.

Ex.6 Paraphrase using active vocabulary from Ex.1 :

1. She decided to give a ring to her beloved as a symbol of her love.
2. He is unwell and can't to speak to you today.
3. She was not sure that she would receive the house after her aunt's death.
4. The Queen had very close relations with Lord Robert.
5. His Holiness has published the Bill that strips Elizabeth of the right for the throne.
6. We are surprised that you show your face at the party.

7. Do you think that I can be easily convinced to act against my conscience and my love.
8. Prayers may not be enough. I'll ask for the leadership in this matter. But do not lose hope.
9. The world is filled with talks (gossip) that Your Grace has made contact with Mary of Scots to realize your dreams even that you mean to marry her.
10. It goes without saying that the attempt on Elizabeth's life was planned.
11. You joke with me. – No, I don't.

Ex.7 While watching the film:

- a) Try to guess why Master Eliot was killed so cruelly by the priest.
- b) Investigate what country Norfolk was in league with.
- c) Pay attention to the main ideas about Norfolk's promotion as a pretender. Be ready to speak about his ambitions.

Ex.8 After watching the forth episode discuss the questions from Ex.7 and do the vocabulary block of exercises:

1. Choose the best word to fit the sentences:

1. Do they still support the ... of that illegitimate whore?
a) realm b) sovereignty c) kingdom
2. They pray ... that England may be recovered from heresy.
a) ceaselessly b) continuously c) all the time
3. Was it not truly said that the... shall inherit the earth?
a) truthful b) merciful c) righteous
4. Perhaps he does not know enough English to... a ceremony!
a) perform b) give c) lecture
5. He is not in... with the Spanish
a) unit b) unity c) league
6. It is true that the Queen... you above all others.
a) favours b) adores c) values
7. My patience is not...
a) endless b) infinite c) ceaselessly
8. The world knows Lord Robert visits your... at night.

- a) lodgings b) accommodations c) chambers
9. Lord Robert, we are... you show your face at Court.
a) frustrated b) amazed c) puzzled
10. Your Grace has made contacts with Mary of Scots to... your ambitions.
a) promote b) claim c) attract
11. We wish to give the Duke this ring, a... of our love.
a) symbol b) sign c) token
12. I have determined to... my own happiness for the welfare of my people.
a) sacrifice b) give up c) put away

II. Give the English for the following word combinations and make up sentences with them:

непрерывно молиться, нуждаться в руководстве в чём-либо, быть наедине, вести себя как строптивая женщина, открывать секрет, проводить службу (церемонию), спланировать заблаговременно, быть в сговоре (союзе), принимать истинную веру, при дворе, слухами земля полниться "сам не свой", неотложные дела, осмеливаться узнать секреты, сожительствовать с подданным, не шутите со мной, издавать закон, слуга порока, лишать трона.

III. Think of your own sentences with the following phrases:

I. How do you understand the following word combinations and phrases? Explain with your own words:

To pray ceaselessly, the righteous will inherit the earth, to play the shrew, to be in league with the Spanish, to renounce heresy, to act against my conscience, to fornicate with smb., Lord Dudley's cup runneth over, the time is close at hand, to be indisposed, to reclaim Elizabeth's affections' the subjects are absolved of their allegiance to her, to undertake the assassination, to cross smb. for my life, to live in the open.

IV. Insert the prepositions if necessary:

1. Perhaps we shall think ... it but I am deeply religious.
2. They pray ceaselessly that England may be recovered ... heresy.
3. I will ask ... guidance ... this matter.
4. Her life depends ... the feelings ... my heart.
5. No man can unlock ... their hearts.
6. Alas. ... this matter I can be ... no help ... you.
7. ... whose advantage was this?
8. Not ... Anjou ... play.
9. I narrowly escaped... my life, I cannot discuss marriage.
10. He is not ... league ... the Spanish.
11. Perhaps, Her Majesty's heart is already set ... another.

V. Make up sentences by matching two parts:

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1. They pray ceaselessly that England | a) ill-fated. |
| may be... | |
| 2. Prayers may not... | b) hope to our friends in England. |
| 3. Was it not truly said that... | c) recovered from heresy. |
| 4. Her life depends on... | d) He is already married. |
| 5. Does not a Queen sit under... | e) my answer so precipitously. |
| 6. Madam, you can't marry... | f) be sufficient. |
| 7. The Duke cannot love me so much | g) the righteous shall inherit |
| if he demands... | the earth. |
| 8. Do not presume to know... | h) the feelings of my heart. |
| 9. For she will be dead soon | |
| enough perhaps... | i) the secrets of my heart |
| 10. This entire conversation is ... | j) even at Norfolk's hand. |
| 11. Give these letters of blessing and | k) the same stars as any other |
| | woman. |

VI. Explain in English how you understand the following ::

1. Does not a Queen sit under the same stars?
2. He is not in league with the Spanish.
3. I see it is true that the Queen favours you above all others.
4. I narrowly escaped with my life.
5. Oh, Madam. the point is pressing.

6. Lord Duddley is not himself today.
7. You must reassure His Majesty the time is close at hand.
8. I will have one mistress here and no master.
9. ... any man who should undertake her assassination will be welcomed by angels into the kingdom of Heaven.

COMPREHENTION CHECK

Ex.1 Some sentences don't fit the situations. Find them and correct the faulty ones according to the events of the film:

1. Master Elyot stayed close to the Duke to protect him.
2. Elizabeth is sick of discussing the question of her marriage.
3. Her Majesty's heart is already set upon the Duke of Anjou.
4. Elizabeth could narrowly escape with her life and was badly injured.
5. Norfolk lived his life in the open.
6. Everyone was amazed as Lord Dudley didn't show his face at Court.
7. Mary of Guise wanted Norfolk to act precipitously.
8. Elizabeth wished to present the Duke with a chain as a token of her love.
9. Robert is afraid of losing Elizabeth as he loves her & has always loved her.
10. Elizabeth will be forced to marry Norfolk, if Robert doesn't help her in this matter.
11. His Holiness has issued the Bull depriving Norfolk of his power and wealth.

Ex.2 Answer the questions:

1. What did Robert tell Elizabeth in the boat?
2. Do you think Anjou was jealous?
3. Who wanted to kill the Queen?
4. What did the Spanish Ambassador suggest Sir Robert?
5. Can Elizabeth marry Sir Robert? And why?
6. What rumors about Lord Dudley could be heard?
7. Why didn't Anjou come to dance?

8. Do you think Robert really loved Elizabeth? Was there still a way to reclaim her affections?

9. What has His Holiness issued? Who were the letters of blessing and hope dedicated to?

Ex.3. Who does this phrase belong to?

1. My true love has my heart and I have hers.

2. The Duke has some other game.

3. Your master is the most powerful man in the world. I would not cross him.

4. Perhaps Her Majesty's heart is already set upon another.

5. You may tell the Duke he shall have his answer shortly.

6. The King, my master, has become impatient for your Grace to act. If you will not then others may.

7. I live my life in the open.

8. But I dress like this when I am alone, in private with my friends.

9. ... if you think to rule here you are mistaken.

10. Such love is hateful, it tears a soul apart.

I will have one mistress here and no master!

11. You jest with me.

12. I dream of the moment when we are naked together in bed where I can stroke your thigh.

13. What will a man not do for love?

14. The world knows Lord Robert visits your chambers and you fornicate with him.

Ex.4 Rearrange the sentences according to the chronological order of the events described in the episode.

1. Walsingham was sure that the attempt on Elizabeth's life was devised.

2. The Duke behaved in such a way that it compromised the Queen.

3. His Holiness also decreed that any man who should undertake her assassination would be welcomed by angels into the kingdom of Heaven.

4. Elizabeth decided that Lord Robert would not rule her heart any more.

5. Sir William told Elisabeth the truth: Lord Robert was married.
6. Alvaro told Lord Robert that there might be a way to reclaim Elisabeth's affections and to save her life.
7. The Holy Father wanted to know the situation at the English Court.
8. Alvaro tried to persuade Robert to act against his conscience and his love.
9. The Queen determined to sacrifice her own happiness for the welfare of her people.
10. During the festival Lord Robert proposed to Elizabeth.

DISCUSSION

Ex.1. Reproduce the situations from the film where the following statements are used:

1. I will ask for guidance in this matter.
2. Her life depends on feelings of my heart.
3. Does not a Queen sit under the same stars as any other woman?
4. This was devised.
5. There is a reason behind it.
6. You are mistaken if you think I might be so easily persuaded to act against my conscience
7. This entire conversation is ill-timed.
8. Lord Dudley's cup runneth over.
9. The world is filled with rumour that Your Grace has made contact with Mary of Scots to promote your ambitions.
10. We wish to give the Duke this ring as a token of our love.
11. I am not your Elizabeth! I'm not man's Elizabeth. I will have one mistress here and no master!

Ex.2. Explain why:

1. The priest from England arrived in Rome.
2. Spanish Ambassador can't perform a wedding ceremony.
3. Lord Dudley has many enemies.
4. The entire conversation of marriage is ill timed.
5. The Duke would still know the answer to his suit.

6. The Spanish King has become so impatient.
7. Anjou's behavior is so different.
8. Elizabeth rejects (to) Lord Dudley.
9. Spanish Ambassador encourages Lord Robert to reclaim the Queen's affections.
10. Elizabeth is so-called "pretended Queen of England".

Ex.3. Use the film to prove the following statements :

1. The Duke of Anjou is a dissolute young man.
2. The Vatican doesn't support the sovereignty of Elizabeth.
3. Norfolk plays a different game.
4. Renouncing heresy, Lord Robert is promised many new and powerful friends.
5. The point, the question of marriage is pressing.
6. Elizabeth sacrificed her own happiness for the welfare of her people.
7. Lord Robert is just a pawn in this game for power.
8. Elizabeth is deprived of her throne.

Ex.4 Listen to the very episode and describe the picture (The priest from England arrived in Rome)

Ex.5. Characterize a) the situation at the Court; b) the inner state of Elizabeth.

WRITING

Ex.1. Write the letter of papal blessing and hope to Catholics in England, depriving Elizabeth of her throne.

Ex.2. Write an essay "Does not a Queen sit under the same stars as any other woman?"

EPISODE V

PRE – VIEW EXERCISES

Ex.1. Remember the words that mean:

To abandon – оставлять, покидать

To absolve – освобождать

Assassination – убийство

Conciliatory – примирительный

Conspiracy – заговор

Conviction – убеждение

To corrupt – портить, подкупать

Deathbed – смертное ложе

To decree – издавать указ

To dissociate – разобщать, отмежевываться от

Divine – божественный

Ease – покой

Frigid – равнодушный

To flinch – отступать, отклоняться

Gesture – поступок, жест

To harbor – укрывать

Hasty – поспешный

To implicate – впутывать, вовлекать

To look up to – уважать

Martyr – мученик

Merciful – милосердный

Offence – обида, оскорбление

To outnumber – превосходить численно

To reject – отклонять

Ruthlessness – безжалостность, жестокость

To safeguard – охранять

Supreme – верховный, величайший

Torture – пытка

Treason – государственная измена

Witness – свидетель

Ex.2. Report the following statements and questions:

1. Mary of Guise said to Walsingham: "Your Queen is weak. She has no army, no friends. Only enemies."
2. Walsingham indicated: "I have no illusions. I know it is only a matter of time before my Queen is overthrown".
3. Elizabeth said: "The word "must" is not used to princess".
4. Elizabeth exclaimed: "I have followed your advice in all the affairs of my kingdom, but your policies would make England nothing but a part of France and Spain".
5. Walsingham asked: "To whom were you told to give the letters?"
6. He added: "This document was also found among the priest's possessions. "
7. Norfolk stated: "I think, a man's courage is in the manner of his death."
8. "Observe, Lord Burghley. I am married to England,"-Elizabeth whispered.

Ex.3. Put questions to the italicized words:

1. It is hard for a woman to forget *her heart*.
2. I am my *father's daughter*.
3. You were Norfolk, *the dead* have no titles.
4. It is only a matter of time *before the Queen is overthrown*.
5. I have decided to create you *Lord Burghley*, so you may enjoy your retirement in greater ease.
6. *Norfolk's power* in Court is growing.
7. It is said that Norfolk and *his foreign allies* are raising an army to outnumber Her Majesty's.
8. A *man* will confess to anything *under torture*.
9. Lord Robert shall be kept alive *to always remind* Elizabeth of how close she came to danger.
10. A prince should never flinch from being blamed *for the acts of ruthlessness*.

Ex.4. Translate the following sentences:

1. I hear you are a wise man. Sir Francis, and a creature of the world like me.

2. There are but two chances.
3. So now you may enjoy your retirement in greater ease.
4. Is he such a worldly God that he must play at politics and conspiracy?
5. All your kindness are remembered.
6. Tell me how should I serve thee, Robert?
7. My course is run.
8. You could have been greater still but you had not the courage to be loyal, only the conviction of your own vanity.

Ex.5. Paraphrase using active vocabulary from Ex.1.

1. Her Majesty had to deny the involvement in that most bloody act of Mary's murder.
2. A prince should never avoid from being blamed for these acts of crueity.
3. Norfolk's power in Court is growing and together with his allies he is raising an army to exceed in number Her Majesty's one.
4. Your task is to find those who help and give shelter and protection to the priest.
5. The dependence of Elizabeth upon the Spanish is greater than ever, therefore she should end a disagreement between two countries.
6. A man will confess to anything under extreme physical pain.
7. Treachery will be committed as soon as Norfolk signs this paper.
8. Vanity is one of his firmly held beliefs.
9. Norfolk was ready to die for his beliefs as the people would always remember it.
10. Here on earth all men need something greater than themselves to have respect for and show religious devotion to.
11. Her Majesty was too quick at refusing the Duke's proposal of marriage.
12. Walsingham was the person involved directly into the murder of Mary of Guise.

Ex.6 While watching the film :

- a) Try to find out why Mary of Guise suggested Walsingham changing allegiances.

b) Write down the main reasons for Elizabeth becoming a Queen Virgin.

c) Think of the ideas leading Lord Dudley to the treachery.

Ex.7 After watching the film share your opinion on the questions from Ex.6 and do some vocabulary exercises:

1. Choose the best variant to fit each sentence inserting the right form.

1. One of the ... found her.

a) servants b) soldiers c) guards

2. It's hard for a woman to forget her ...

a) heart b) duty c) parents

3. A wise man would be careful not to put himself in the way of ...

a) harm b) ruthlessness c) conspiracy

4. But you have a friend, someone who can ... your safety and your throne.

a) keep b) guard c) guarantee

5. Your dependence upon their ... is greater than ever.

a) wealth b) welfare c) goodwill

6. I deeply regret if I caused you such ...

a) offence b) blame c) range

7. I have decided to ... you Lord Burghley.

a) make b) create c) give

8. It is said that he and his foreign allies are raising an army to ... your own

a) outnumber b) increase c) supervise

9. Find the priest and those who ... him.

a) keep b) harbor c) place

10. This document was also found among the priest's ...

a) belongings b) papers c) possessions

11. You can have been greater still but you had not the courage to be ...

a) merciful b) loyal c) cruel

12. It is no easy thing to be loved by the Queen, it would ... the soul of any man.

a) corrupt b) captivate c) worship

13 They must be able to touch the ... here on earth .

a)God b)heaven c)divine

14 Walsingham ... her most loyal and trusted advisor to the end

a)became b) stayed c)remained

II. Complete each sentence with the missing word and translate them

1.All men need something greater than themselves to... and worship.

2.You must take these things so much to heart that you do not fear to....

3.Norfolk's power in... is growing. 4.I deeply regret if I caused you such...

5.The dress was.... it was a gift for me.

6.A wise man would change...

7.Elizabeth was too... at rejecting the Duke's proposal.

8.It's not an easy thing to be loved by the Queen as it would ... the soul of any man.

9.Lord Robert is content to die for his...

10.It is only a matter of time when the Queen is....

11.A prince should never... from being blamed for the acts of ruthlessness.

Key words: beliefs, allegiance, look up to, poisoned, Court, flinch, strike, hasty, corrupt, offence, overthrown

III. Make up sentences by matching two parts :

1.Her Majesty rules with the heart, ... a) not used to princes.

2.A wise man would be careful... b) the dead have no titles.

3. The word "must" is ... c) not to put himself in the way of harm.

4.I may be a woman, but if ... d) treason will have been committed.

5.Find the priest... e) always remind me of how close I came to danger.

6.Is God such a worldly God that... f) but not with the head.

7.All Norfolk needs do is g) make me a martyr.

sign this paper and...

8. You were Norfolk...

9. I think man's courage is...

10. He shall be kept alive to

11. So cut off my head...

12. It is no easy thing...

13. All men need something
greater...

14. I hear you are a wise man ...

15. Observe, Lord Burghley...

h) I choose I have the heart of a man.

i) I am married to England.

j) in the manner of his death.

k) those who harbour him.

l) must play at politics and conspiracy.

m) to be loved by the Queen.

n) themselves to look up to and
worship.

o) and a creature of the world like me.

IV. Insert prepositions and translate the sentences :

1. You should declare yourself... me.

2. Leave me... this!

3. I know it is only a matter of time... my Queen is overthrown.

4. Her Majesty rules... the heart, but not... the head.

5. Your Majesty must publicly dissociate herself... this most bloody
act!

6. Your dependence... their goodwill is greater than ever.

7. The word "must" is not used... princes.

8. So you may enjoy your retirement... greater ease.

9. You must take these things so much... heart that you do not fear
to strike.

10. Norfolk's power... Court is growing.

11. Is he such a worldly God that he must play... politics and con-
spiracy?

12. I must do nothing... your orders.

13. I am content to die... my beliefs.

14. All men need something greater than themselves to look...
and worship.

15. Observe, Lord Burghley, I am married... England.

16. ...her deathbed she was said to have whispered Lord Dudley's
name.

V. Give the English for:

1 отклонять предложение о браке

- 2 управлять страной
- 3 изменить своей верности
- 4 гарантировать безопасность
- 5 зависеть от чьей-либо доброй воли
- 6 наносить оскорбление
- 7 уходить в отставку
- 8 давать титул лорда
- 9 уклоняться от ответственности
- 10 принимать близко к сердцу
- 11 случаи жестокости
- 12 охранять государство и Её величество
- 13 вовлекать в заговор
- 14 обыскивать комнаты
- 15 признаваться в измене под пытками
- 16 убеждение в своей правоте
- 17 тщеславные манеры
- 18 умереть за веру
- 19 стать мучеником
- 20 будьте милосердны
- 21 уважать и поклоняться божеству

VI. Explain in English how you understand the following statements:

1. I hear you are a wise man and a creature of the world like me, Walsingham.
2. Her Majesty rules with the heart, but not with the head.
3. A wise man would change allegiance not to put himself in the way of harm.
4. I am my father's daughter.
5. I have decided to create you Lord Burghley, so you may enjoy your retirement in greater ease.
6. All men must be able to touch the divine here on earth.
7. Elizabeth's reign has been called the Golden Age.

COMPREHENSION CHECK

Ex.1. Some sentences don't fit the situations corresponding to the events of the film. Find them and correct the faulty ones:

1. The priest is mistaken. as Thomas Elyot is his Grace's servant.
2. Mary of Guise was too hasty at rejecting the Duke's proposal.
3. Sir Francis is a wise man and a creature of the world like Elizabeth.
4. Mary of Guise suggested Walsingham changing allegiances as it was only a matter of time before Elizabeth would be overthrown.
5. King of France is the only person who can guarantee Elizabeth's safety.
6. Elizabeth has never ordered that most bloody act of Mary's assassination.
7. Her Majesty has never followed Sir William's advice in the affairs of her kingdom.
8. Her Majesty has decided to create Walsingham Lord Burghley so he might enjoy his retirement in greater ease.
9. It has been made known to Walsingham there was a bishop abroad in the land, carrying letters from Rome to those who worshiped Elizabeth.
10. Norfolk's power in Court was growing down.
11. To legitimize Norfolk's claim to the throne of England. His Holiness proposes His Grace to act immediately.
12. Sir William was the most powerful man in England and could have been greater still but he had not the courage to be loyal.
13. Elizabeth made a decision to let Norfolk live. to always remind her of how close she came to danger.

Ex.2. Answer the questions:

1. Why did the priest kill Thomas Elyot?
2. What happened to Isabel?
3. What document did His Holiness issue?
4. Who supported the priest in England?
5. How can you explain the death of Anjou's aunt?
6. Why was Lord Arundel arrested?
7. Why did Lord Robert betray the Queen?
8. Call the names of Her Majesty's betrayers.
9. What decision did Elizabeth make at the end of the film?
10. How long did she reign?

11. Who remained her most loyal and trusted advisor to the end?
12. Whose name did she whisper on her deathbed?
13. How was her reign called?

Ex.3. Who does this phrase belong to:

1. You shouldn't try them on.
2. I understand, it's hard for a woman to forget her heart.
3. He would marry you only to make an alliance.
4. You must also make conciliatory gestures towards the Spanish.
5. If Your Majesty doesn't act then he will.
6. Tell me, what is God for you?
7. Then let him sign it and let it all be done.
8. I am content to die for my beliefs.
9. It is not an easy thing to be loved by the Queen.
10. She has such a power over men's hearts that they died for her.
11. I am married to England.

Ex.4. Rearrange the sentences according to the events of the film:

1. Elizabeth has become a Queen Virgin.
2. One of the guards has found the dead body of Elizabeth's servant.
3. Lord Robert believes that king of Spain can guarantee Elizabeth's safety and her thrown.
4. Elizabeth has got rid England of all her enemies.
5. Elizabeth has got married to England.
6. Thomas Eliot is killed for being Walsingham's servant.
7. All Robert's friends have been dispatched to the Tower.
8. Walsingham is the most devoted and closest friend and servant of Elizabeth.
9. Lord Robert has committed treason and must be made an example of.
10. Elisabeth dissociated herself from the most bloody act of Mary's death.
11. Norfolk was arrested for treason.
12. The document, legitimizing Norfolk's claim to the thrown of England has been found among the priest's possessions.

DISCUSSION

Ex. 1 Reproduce the situations from the film where the following statements are used:

1. He says he saw Lord Robert leave.
2. It is hard for a woman to forget her heart.
3. There are but two chances.
4. You are in the greatest danger.
5. Because I love you I am the only one who would care for you.
6. For God's sake, I do this for us!
7. Of course. I shall deny it!
8. I am my father's daughter, I am not afraid of anything!
9. If Your Majesty doesn't act soon then he will.
10. You were Norfolk, the dead have no titles.
12. It would corrupt the soul of any man.
13. He must be made an example of.

Ex. 2 Explain why:

1. The priest didn't declare himself to the Queen.
2. The dress that Isabel put on was poisoned.
3. The Queen let Norfolk sign the document against her.
4. Elizabeth was going to follow her own opinion from some moment.
5. Walsingham murdered Mary of Guise.
6. Robert wasn't killed as a betrayer.
7. Elizabeth has made up her mind to become a virgin Queen and never marry.
8. On her deathbed Elizabeth was said to have whispered Lord Dudley's name.

Ex. 3 Use the film to prove the following statements:

1. Elizabeth was in the greatest danger that she had ever been.
2. Elizabeth has followed Sir William's advice in all the affairs of her kingdom.

3. Norfolk was going to legitimize his claim to the throne of England.
4. Norfolk was betrayed.
5. Elizabeth has rid England of all her enemies.
6. Elizabeth was a strong-willed person.

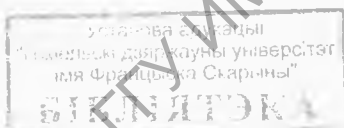
Ex.4 Watch the episode (Elizabeth visiting Robert in the Tower) with soundtrack, then watch it without it and be ready to dramatize it.

WRITING

Ex.1 Give short summary of the main events of the extract seen and discussed.

Ex.2 If you were Elizabeth, give your ideas why you had chosen to become a Maiden Queen.

3 Write about the period of the English Renaissance and its main representatives.



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